Notus School District No. 135

Year Ended June 30, 2020

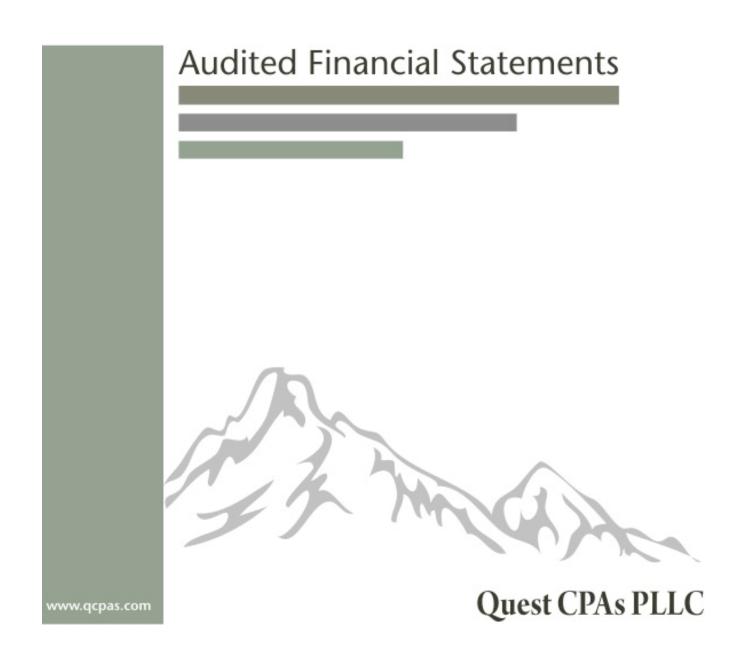


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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Trustees Notus School District No. 135

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Notus School District No. 135 (the School) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on Governmental Activities

Management has elected not to adopt the provisions of GASB 75 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require recognition and measurement of an asset or liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses related to the other postemployment benefits as well as certain note disclosures and required supplementary information. The amount by which the departure would affect net position, assets, liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, expenses, note disclosures, and required supplementary information has not been determined.

Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on Governmental Activities" paragraph, the financial statements referred to previously present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities of the School, as of June 30, 2020, and the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison schedules, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability, and schedule of employer contributions listed as required supplementary information in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not required to be a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, and historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has not included the management's discussion and analysis information that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, and historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by not including this information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 6, 2020, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Quest CPAs PLLC

Payette, Idaho October 6, 2020

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Current Assets	
Cash & Investments	\$1,668,022
Receivables:	
Local Sources	273,519
State Sources	111,661
Federal Sources	141,084
Total Current Assets	2,194,286
Noncurrent Assets	
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	10,000
Depreciable Net Capital Assets	5,606,817
Total Noncurrent Assets	5,616,817
Total Assets	7,811,103
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Pension Deferred Outflows	362,232
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	362,232
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$8,173,335
Total Assets and Deterred Outlows of Resources	Ψ0,173,333
Liabilities	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	
Salaries & Benefits Payable	\$421,219
Unspent Grant Allocation	102,234
Accrued Interest	37,212
Long-Term Debt, Current Total Current Liabilities	219,573
Noncurrent Liabilities	780,238
	4 120 602
Long-Term Debt, Noncurrent	4,128,602
Net Pension Liability Total Noncurrent Liabilities	693,826
	4,822,428
Total Liabilities	5,602,666
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension Deferred Inflows	318,137
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	318,137
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	5,920,803
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,231,430
Restricted:	, , , , , ,
Special Programs	187,101
Debt Service	377,596
Capital Projects	217,648
Unrestricted	238,757
Total Net Position	2,252,532
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position	\$8,173,335
Total Enguintes and Deterted inflows of Resources and Net I usidion	φο,1/3,333

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue And Changes in Net Position
			Operating	Capital	
	_	Charges For	Grants And	Grants And	Governmental
Functions/Programs Governmental Activities	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities
Instructional Programs	\$016.205		\$256 207		(\$660,000)
Elementary School Secondary School	\$916,295 1,033,019	\$5.075	\$256,287 54,896		(\$660,008) (973,048)
Special Education	277,385	\$3,073	34,890		(277,385)
Special Education Preschool	2,142		36,400		34,258
Interscholastic	4,923		7,248		2,325
School Activity	80,052		7,210		(80,052)
Summer School	0				0
Support Service Programs					
Attendance - Guidance - Health	136,572				(136,572)
Instruction Improvement	114,136		102,866		(11,270)
Board of Education	26,508				(26,508)
District Administration	278,451				(278,451)
School Administration	221,297				(221,297)
Business Operation	77,782				(77,782)
Buildings - Care	249,568				(249,568)
Maintenance - Student Occupied	268,861				(268,861)
Pupil-To-School Transportation	159,864				(159,864)
Pupil-Activity Transportation	5,967				(5,967)
Non-Instructional Programs					/a. =0.1
Child Nutrition	254,933	32,606	200,536		(21,791)
Capital Assets - Student Occupied	215,126				(215,126)
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied	0				0
Debt Service - Principal Debt Service - Interest	119,266				(110.266)
Total	\$4,442,147	\$37,681	\$658,233	\$0	(119,266) (3,746,233)
1 otai	\$4,442,147	\$37,001	\$036,233		(3,740,233)
	General Revenues				
	Local Taxes				735,154
	Other Local Rever	nues			92,223
	State Revenues				3,411,967
	Federal Revenues				0
	Pension Revenue	(Expense)			(211,171)
	Total	. 1			4,028,173
	Change in Net Posi	tion			281,940
	Not Docition Dani-	.nina			1 070 502
	Net Position - Begin Net Position - Endi	-			1,970,592 \$2,252,532
	rect I ostubii - Eliul	" 5			φ4,434,334

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

	General Fund	Child Nutrition Fund	Bond R & I Fund	Plant Facilities Fund
Assets				
Cash & Investments	\$1,027,974	\$55,823	\$323,488	\$82,383
Receivables:				
Local Sources	54,432		74,685	144,402
State Sources	107,611			
Federal Sources				
Due From Other Funds	29,691			
Total Assets	\$1,219,708	\$55,823	\$398,173	\$226,785
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable				
Due To Other Funds				
Salaries & Benefits Payable	\$387,692	\$19,741		
Unspent Grant Allocation				
Total Liabilities	387,692	19,741	\$0	\$0
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable Tax Revenues	13,675		20,577	35,895
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	13,675	0	20,577	35,895
Fund Balances				
Restricted:				
Special Programs		36,082		
Debt Service			377,596	
Capital Projects				190,890
Unassigned	818,341			
Total Fund Balances	818,341	36,082	377,596	190,890
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	•			
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$1,219,708	\$55,823	\$398,173	\$226,785

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets		
Cash & Investments	\$178,354	\$1,668,022
Receivables:		
Local Sources	0	273,519
State Sources	4,050	111,661
Federal Sources	141,084	141,084
Due From Other Funds	0	29,691
Total Assets	\$323,488	\$2,223,977
Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	\$0	\$0
Due To Other Funds	29,691	29,691
Salaries & Benefits Payable	13,786	421,219
Unspent Grant Allocation	102,234	102,234
Total Liabilities	145,711	553,144
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Unavailable Tax Revenues	0	70,147
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	0	70,147
Fund Balances		
Restricted:		
Special Programs	151,019	187,101
Debt Service	0	377,596
Capital Projects	26,758	217,648
Unassigned	0	818,341
Total Fund Balances	177,777	1,600,686
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows		
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$323,488	\$2,223,977

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$1,600,686
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	5,616,817
Certain receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.	70,147
Certain liabilities, including accrued interest, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(4,385,387)
Net pension liability and related pension source deferred outflow and deferred inflow of resources, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(649,731)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$2,252,532

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2020

	General	Child Nutrition	Bond R & I	Plant Facilities
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund
Revenues				
Local Taxes	\$149,151		\$191,675	\$378,142
Other Local Revenue	51,689	\$32,606	2,066	36,968
State Revenue	3,280,954	ŕ	110,871	20,142
Federal Revenue		200,536	ŕ	
Total Revenues	3,481,794	233,142	304,612	435,252
Expenditures	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Instructional Programs				
Elementary School	781,827			
Secondary School	1,111,630			
Special Education	277,385			
Special Education Preschool	ŕ			
Interscholastic				
School Activity	80,052			
Summer School	,			
Support Service Programs				
Attendance - Guidance - Health	136,572			
Instruction Improvement	,			
Board of Education	26,508			
District Administration	278,451			
School Administration	221,297			
Business Operation	77,782			
Buildings - Care	249,568			
Maintenance - Student Occupied	,			268,861
Pupil-To-School Transportation	153,895			,
Pupil-Activity Transportation	5,967			
Non-Instructional Programs	,			
Child Nutrition	5,257	249,676		
Capital Assets - Student Occupied	ŕ	ŕ		45,484
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied				
Debt Service - Principal			205,000	
Debt Service - Interest			130,035	
Total Expenditures	3,406,191	249,676	335,035	314,345
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	75,603	(16,534)	(30,423)	120,907
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	,	(, ,	(/ /	,
Transfers In				
Transfers Out	(35,354)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(35,354)	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	40,249	(16,534)	(30,423)	120,907
Fund Balances - Beginning	778,092	52,616	408,019	69,983
Fund Balances - Ending	\$818,341	\$36,082	\$377,596	\$190,890
0	/-			/ *

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues		
Local Taxes	\$0	\$718,968
Other Local Revenue	52,975	176,304
State Revenue	135,164	3,547,131
Federal Revenue	276,133	476,669
Total Revenues	464,272	4,919,072
Expenditures		
Instructional Programs		
Elementary School	256,287	1,038,114
Secondary School	58,727	1,170,357
Special Education	0	277,385
Special Education Preschool	2,142	2,142
Interscholastic	4,923	4,923
School Activity	0	80,052
Summer School	0	0
Support Service Programs		
Attendance - Guidance - Health	0	136,572
Instruction Improvement	114,136	114,136
Board of Education	0	26,508
District Administration	0	278,451
School Administration	0	221,297
Business Operation	0	77,782
Buildings - Care	0	249,568
Maintenance - Student Occupied	0	268,861
Pupil-To-School Transportation	0	153,895
Pupil-Activity Transportation	0	5,967
Non-Instructional Programs		
Child Nutrition	0	254,933
Capital Assets - Student Occupied	15,089	60,573
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied	0	0
Debt Service - Principal	0	205,000
Debt Service - Interest	0	130,035
Total Expenditures	451,304	4,756,551
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		
Over Expenditures	12,968	162,521
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		
Transfers In	35,354	35,354
Transfers Out	0	(35,354)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	35,354	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	48,322	162,521
Fund Balances - Beginning	129,455	1,438,165
Fund Balances - Ending	\$177,777	\$1,600,686

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Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2020

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

- Accountage of the control of the c	
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$162,521
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Government funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the excess of	
capital outlays over (under) depreciation expense in the current period.	(175,533)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are deferred in the funds.	16,186
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term debt in the statement of net position. Bond premium is amortized against interest expense over the	
term of the bond.	228,867
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on long-term debt, but the expenditure is reported when due in the governmental funds.	1,913
Changes in net pension liability and related pension source deferred outflow and deferred inflow of resources do not provide or require current financial resources and therefore are not reflected in the funds.	47.086
current initalicial resources and therefore are not reflected in the funds.	47,986

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$281,940

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2020

	Agency Funds
	Student Activity
Assets	
Cash & Investments	\$121,808
Total Assets	\$121,808
Liabilities Due to Student Groups Total Liabilities	\$121,808 121,808
Net Position	0
Total Net Position	0
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$121,808

Notes to Financial Statements

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

<u>Reporting Entity</u> – Notus School District No. 135 (the School) provides public school educational services as authorized by Section 33 of Idaho Code. The School's boundaries for taxing and school enrollment purposes are located within Canyon County.

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to school districts. The governmental accounting standards board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (statements and interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the School are discussed below.

<u>Basic Financial Statements - Government-Wide Statements</u> – The School's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the School as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the School's major funds). Both government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. Currently, all the School's activities are categorized as governmental activities.

In the government-wide statement of net position, the activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column, (b) and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations.

The government-wide statement of activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the School's functions. The functions are also supported by general government revenues as reported in the statement of activities. The statement of activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation when recorded) by related program revenues and operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function. Internal activity between funds (when two or more funds are involved) is eliminated in the government-wide statement of activities. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reports capital-specific grants.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenues.

The School reports expenditures in accordance with the State Department of Education's "Idaho Financial Accounting Reporting Management System" (IFARMS). IFARMS categorizes all expenditures by function, program and object. Accordingly, there is no allocation of indirect costs.

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the School as an entity and the change in the School's net position resulting from the current year's activities. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

<u>Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements</u> – The financial transactions of the School are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. Generally accepted accounting principles set forth minimum criteria (percentage of assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses of the funds) for the determination of major funds.

Notes to Financial Statements

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. Major governmental funds of the School include:

General Fund – The general fund is the School's primary operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds – Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Major special revenue funds include the child nutrition fund, which serves to account for providing nutritional meals to students (including subsidized meals).

Debt Service Funds – Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of funds for the periodic payment of principal and interest on long term debt. Major debt service funds include the bond redemption and interest fund, which accounts for accumulation of funds for the periodic payment of principal and interest on long term debt.

Capital Projects Funds – Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition of capital assets. Major capital project funds include the plant facilities fund, used to account for the maintenance of facilities and other capital assets.

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore are not available to support School programs. The reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position and are reported using accounting principles similar to proprietary funds. Fiduciary funds of the School include:

Agency Funds – Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the School on behalf of students.

<u>Basis of Accounting</u> – Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Activities in the government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual (when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or within thirty days after year end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on long-term debt which, if any, are recognized when due and payable.

<u>Cash and Investments</u> – Nearly all the cash and investment balances of the School's funds are pooled for investment purposes. The individual funds' portions of the pooled cash and investments are reported in each fund as cash and investments. Interest earned on pooled cash and investments is paid to the general fund unless Idaho Code specifies otherwise. Investments include the local government investment pool, reported and measured at amortized cost following the provisions of GASB 79 which provide for consistent measurement of investment value amongst pool participants.

Notes to Financial Statements

Receivables – Receivables are reported net of any estimated uncollectible amounts.

<u>Inventories</u> – Material supplies on hand at year end are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value using the first-in, first-out method.

<u>Capital Assets and Depreciation</u> – Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation over the estimated useful lives of all depreciable assets is recorded using the straight line method, except for certain transportation vehicles which use the declining balance method.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> – The School provides certain compensated absences to its employees. The estimated amount of compensation for future amounts is deemed to be immaterial and, accordingly, no liability is recorded.

Other Post-Employment Benefits – The School does not provide benefits to retired employees other than retirement benefits funded through the Public Employees Retirement System of Idaho. However, certain retired employees can remain on the School insurance policy after retirement if the retired employee pays the average monthly cost. The difference between the age-adjusted monthly cost and the average monthly cost is referred to as an "implicit subsidy" since the medical insurance rate of a retired employee is generally higher than the medical insurance rate of a younger employee. GASB 75 requires that employers have actuarial calculations performed for these other post-employment benefits so that an asset or liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses can be recorded in the government-wide financial statements and related notes and required supplementary information can be prepared. Management believes the costs of implementing GASB 75 cannot be justified at this time. Accordingly, the School accounts for the other-post employment benefits for retirees on the pay-as-you-go basis.

<u>Pensions</u> – For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and pension expense/revenue, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho Base Plan (the Base Plan) and additions to/deductions from Base Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Base Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

<u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u> – The School's financial statements may report deferred outflows/inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that apply to a future period. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that apply to a future period. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources generally represent amounts that are not available in the current period.

<u>Net Position</u> – Net position is assets plus deferred outflows of resources less liabilities less deferred inflows of resources. The net investment in capital assets component of net position consists of the historical cost of capital assets less accumulated depreciation less any outstanding debt that was used to finance those assets plus deferred outflows of resources less deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Restricted net position consists of assets that are restricted by creditors, grantors, contributors, legislation, and other parties. All other net position not reported as restricted or net investment in capital assets is reported as unrestricted.

Notes to Financial Statements

<u>Fund Balance Classifications</u> – Restrictions of the fund balance indicate portions that are legally or contractually segregated for a specific future use. Nonspendable portions of the fund balance are those amounts that cannot be spent because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Committed portions represent amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action (i.e. board approval) of the reporting entity's governing body. Assigned portions represent amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for a specific purpose. Remaining fund balances are reported as unassigned. When expenditures are incurred that qualify for either restricted or unrestricted resources, the School first utilizes restricted resources. When expenditures are incurred that qualify for either committed or assigned or unassigned resources, the School first utilizes committed resources then assigned resources before using unassigned resources.

<u>Property Taxes</u> – The School is responsible for levying property taxes, but the taxes are collected by the respective county. Taxes are levied by the second Monday in September for each calendar year. Taxes are due in two installments – December 20th and June 20th. A lien is filed on real property three years from the date of delinquency.

<u>Contingent Liabilities</u> – Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the School expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

<u>Interfund Activity</u> – Interfund activity is reported either as loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers.

<u>Use of Estimates</u> – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> – The School maintains its cash at insured financial institutions. Periodically, balances may exceed federally insured limits. The School does not have a formal policy concerning custodial credit risk.

<u>Risk Management</u> – The School is exposed to various risks related to its operations. Insurance is utilized to the extent practical to minimize these risks.

<u>Nonmonetary Transactions</u> – Items received via food commodities programs are recognized at their stated fair market value.

<u>Subsequent Events</u> – Subsequent events were evaluated through the date of the auditor's report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Notes to Financial Statements

B. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments consist of the following at year end:

	Governmental	Fiduciary	
	Funds	Funds	Total
Cash - Deposits	(\$11,583)	\$107,665	\$96,082
Investments - Local Gov't Investment Pool	1,679,605	14,143	1,693,748
Total	\$1,668,022	\$121,808	\$1,789,830

<u>Deposits</u> – At year end, the carrying amounts of the School's deposits were \$96,082 and the bank balances were \$315,568. Of the bank balances, \$250,110 was insured and the remainder was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Considerations for interest rate risk and credit rate risk relating to investments are shown below.

Interest rate risk:

	investment waturity		
	Schedule (I	n Years)	
Investment Type	Less Than 1	Total	
Local Gov't Invest Pool	\$1,693,748	\$1,693,748	
Total	\$1,693,748	\$1,693,748	

Credit rate risk:

	investment Rating Schedule		
Investment Type	Not Rated Total		
Local Gov't Invest Pool	\$1,693,748	\$1,693,748	
Total	\$1,693,748	\$1,693,748	

<u>Investments</u> – State statutes authorize government entities to invest in certain bonds, notes, accounts, investment pools, and other obligations of the state, U.S. Government, and U.S. corporations pursuant to Idaho Code 67-1210 and 67-1210A. These statutes are designed to help minimize the custodial risk that deposits may not be returned in the event of the failure of the issuer or other counterparty, interest rate risk resulting from fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, or credit risks that an issuer or other counterparty will not fulfill its obligations. The School's investment policy complies with state statutes.

The local government investment pool is managed by the state treasurer's office and is invested in accordance with state statutes and regulations. The local government investment pool is not registered with the SEC and is a short-term investment pool. The state treasurer's office investment policy for the local government investment pool includes the following three primary objectives in order of priority: safety, liquidity, and yield. Participants have overnight availability to their funds, up to \$10 million. Withdrawals of \$10 million or more require three business days' notification. More information on the local governmental investment pool including regulatory information, ratings, and risk information can be found at www.sto.idaho.gov.

Investment Meturity

Investment Dating Schedule

Notes to Financial Statements

C. RECEIVABLES

Receivables consist of the following at year end:

	General Fund	Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Funds	Total
Local Sources					
Local Taxes	\$54,432		\$74,685	\$144,402	\$273,519
Total	\$54,432		\$74,685	\$144,402	\$273,519
State Sources Foundation Program Special Programs Total	\$107,611	\$4,050 \$4,050			\$107,611 4,050 \$111,661
Federal Sources					
Special Programs		\$141,084			\$141,084
Total		\$141,084			\$141,084

Notes to Financial Statements

D. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of capital assets for the year is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Nondepreciable Capital Assets				
Land	\$10,000			\$10,000
Construction in Progress	0			0
Total	10,000	\$0	\$0	10,000
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Buildings	7,763,484			7,763,484
Equipment	567,258			567,258
Transportation	673,785			673,785
Subtotal	9,004,527	0	0	9,004,527
Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings	2,141,506	155,270		2,296,776
Equipment	567,258			567,258
Transportation	513,413	20,263		533,676
Subtotal	3,222,177	175,533	0	3,397,710
Total	5,782,350	(175,533)	0	5,606,817
Net Capital Assets	\$5,792,350	(\$175,533)	\$0	\$5,616,817

Depreciation expense was charged to the following programs:

Capital Assets - Student Occupied	\$155,270
Pupil-To-School Transportation	20,263_
Total	\$175,533

E. LONG-TERM DEBT

Bonded Debt – At year end, the School's bonded debt was as follows:

	Outstanding
2015 - \$4,705,000 - general obligation bonds for capital improvements due in	
annual principal installments and semiannual interest payments with interest at	
2.00% - 3.30% through 2035/36, secured by future taxes, paid through the bond	
redemption and interest fund	\$4,195,000
Total	\$4,195,000

Notes to Financial Statements

Maturities on the bonds are estimated as follows:

Year		
Ended	Principal	Interest
6/30/21	\$210,000	\$125,485
6/30/22	215,000	120,160
6/30/23	220,000	113,635
6/30/24	225,000	106,960
6/30/25	235,000	100,060
6/30/26-30	1,280,000	388,925
6/30/31-35	1,485,000	176,161
6/30/36	325,000	5,362
Total	\$4,195,000	\$1,136,748

Changes in long-term debt are as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
Description	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance	One Year
2015 G.O. Bonds	\$4,400,000		\$205,000	\$4,195,000	\$210,000
Bond Premium	162,748		9,573	153,175	9,573
Capital Lease	14,294		14,294	0	0
Total	\$4,577,042	\$0	\$228,867	\$4,348,175	\$219,573

Interest and related costs during the year amounted to \$119,344 of which \$119,266 was charged to the debt service – interest program and \$78 was charged to the capital assets – student occupied program.

F. PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The School contributes to the Base Plan which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Responsibility for administration of the Base Plan is assigned to the Board comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the Board be active Base Plan members with at least ten years of service and three members who are Idaho citizens not members of the Base Plan except by reason of having served on the Board.

Pension Benefits

The Base Plan provides retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits of eligible members or beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' years of service, age, and highest average salary. Members

Notes to Financial Statements

become fully vested in their retirement benefits with five years of credited service (5 months for elected or appointed officials). Members are eligible for retirement benefits upon attainment of the ages specified for their employment classification. The annual service retirement allowance for each month of credited service is 2.0% (2.3% for police/firefighters) of the average monthly salary for the highest consecutive 42 months.

The benefit payments for the Base Plan are calculated using a benefit formula adopted by the Idaho Legislature. The Base Plan is required to provide a 1% minimum cost of living increase per year provided the Consumer Price Index increases 1% or more. The PERSI Board has the authority to provide higher cost of living increases to a maximum of the Consumer Price Index movement or 6%, whichever is less; however, any amount above the 1% minimum is subject to review by the Idaho Legislature.

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to the Base Plan are set by statute and are established as a percent of covered compensation. Contribution rates are determined by the PERSI Board within limitations, as defined by state law. The Board may make periodic changes to employer and employee contribution rates (expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll) that are adequate to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

The contribution rates for employees are set by statute at 60% of the employer rate for general employees and 72% for police and firefighters. As of June 30, 2019 it was 6.79% for general employees and 8.36% for police and firefighters. The employer contribution rate as a percent of covered payroll is set by the Retirement Board and was 11.32% for general employees and 11.66% for police and firefighters. The School's contributions were \$259,157 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the School reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School's share of contributions in the Base Plan pension plan relative to the total contributions of all participating PERSI Base Plan employers. At June 30, 2019, the School's proportion was 0.0607834 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the School recognized pension revenue (expense) of (\$211,171). At June 30, 2020, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Notes to Financial Statements

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$64,480	\$81,771
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	38,595	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		236,366
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	259,157	
Total	\$362,232	\$318,137

\$259,157 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from School contributions made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an addition to the pension expense or reduction of the pension revenue in the year ending June 30, 2021.

The average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the System (active and inactive employees) determined at July 1, 2018 the beginning of the measurement period ended June 30, 2018 is 4.8 and 4.8 for the measurement period June 30, 2019.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension revenue (expense) as follows:

Year	
Ended	
6/30/21	(\$24,984)
6/30/22	(107,038)
6/30/23	(52,140)
6/30/24	(30,900)
Total	(\$215,062)

Actuarial Assumptions

Valuations are based on actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. Level percentages of payroll normal costs are determined using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. Under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated as a level percentage of each year's earnings of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The Base Plan amortizes any unfunded actuarial accrued liability based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period for the Base Plan permitted under Section 59-1322, Idaho Code, is 25 years.

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00%
Salary increases	3.75%
Salary inflation	3.75%
Investment rate of return	7.05%, net of investment expenses
Cost-of-living adjustments	1%

Notes to Financial Statements

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 combined table for healthy males or females as appropriate with the following offsets:

- Set back 3 years for teachers
- No offset for male fire and police
- Forward one year for female fire and police
- Set back one year for all general employees and all beneficiaries

An experience study was performed for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2017 which reviewed all economic and demographic assumptions other than mortality. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2019 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of July 1, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the System relies primarily on an approach which builds upon the latest capital market assumptions. Specifically, the System uses consultants, investment managers and trustees to develop capital market assumptions in analyzing the System's asset allocation. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are shown below. The formal asset allocation policy is somewhat more conservative than the current allocation of System's assets.

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation.

Notes to Financial Statements

		Long-Term Expected	Long-Term Expected
		Nominal Rate	Real Rate
	Target	of Return	of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)	(Arithmetic)
Core Fixed Income	30.00%	3.05%	0.80%
Broad US Equities	55.00%	8.30%	6.05%
Developed Foreign Equities	15.00%	8.45%	6.20%
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.25%	2.25%
Assumed Inflation - Standard Deviation		1.50%	1.50%
Portfolio Arithmetic Mean Return		6.75%	4.50%
Portfolio Standard Deviation		12.54%	12.54%
Portfolio Long-Term (Geometric) Expected Rate of	Return	6.13%	3.77%
Assumed Investment Expenses		0.40%	0.40%
Portfolio Long-Term (Geometric) Expected Rate of	Return*	5.73%	3.37%
Portfolio Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*	k		4.19%
Portfolio Standard Deviation			14.16%
Valuation Assumptions Chosen by PERSI Boar	d		
Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*			4.05%
Assumed Inflation			3.00%
Long-Term Expected Nominal Rate of Return*			7.05%

Discount Rate

*Net of Investment Expenses

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.05%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans' net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense.

Sensitivity of the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.05 percent, as well as what the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.05 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.05 percent) than the current rate:

Notes to Financial Statements

		Current	
	1% Decrease (6.05%)	Discount Rate (7.05%)	1% Increase (8.05%)
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$2,095,621	\$693,826	(\$465,414)

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report.

PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Impacts on the School's net position

Depending on the annual performance of the Base Plan and the various non-financial factors that affect the collective Base Plan net pension liability (as described above), the School may periodically experience a deficit in its net position. This can occur as a result of recording the School's allocable portion of the net pension liability which is an estimated liability that changes substantially from year to year depending on the factors described above but does not currently require cash outflows. As the net pension liability of the Base Plan is closely monitored by PERSI's board (who makes changes to the contribution rates and other terms of the Base Plan whenever deemed necessary), such deficits are not deemed to be of substantial concern.

G. INTERFUND BALANCES

Interfund balances at year end consist of the following:

	Due Fron	Due From Fund	
	Nonmajor		
	Governmental	Total	
Due To Fund			
General	\$29,691	\$29,691	
Total	\$29,691	\$29,691	

These interfund balances resulted from the time lag between when expenditures are incurred in a fund and when the fund is reimbursed for such expenditures.

Notes to Financial Statements

Interfund transfers during the year consist of the following:

Fund	Transfer In	Transfer Out	Purpose
General		\$35,354	Depreciation, Support
Nonmajor Governmental	\$35,354		Depreciation, Support
Total	\$35,354	\$35,354	

H. CANYON OWYHEE SCHOOL SERVICE AGENCY

The School is involved in a cooperative effort with the Homedale, Marsing, Parma, and Wilder School Districts to provide special and vocational education to the School's students through the Canyon Owyhee School Service Agency (COSSA). During the year, the School paid COSSA \$362,133 for instruction of School students served by COSSA.

I. TAX ABATEMENTS

Idaho counties are authorized by state statute to transact certain property tax activity with property owners in their respective taxing districts. The counties collect the property taxes, then allocate and remit those collections among the taxing districts within the counties. The counties are authorized to cancel or reduce property taxes due to various reasons, including the circuit breaker program, agricultural and other exemptions, and section 63-602NN exemptions under Idaho code for real property improvements.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule -General and Major Special Revenue Funds Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budgeted A		Astrol	Final Budget Variance
General Fund	(GAAP E Original	Sasis) Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Revenues	Original	Filiai	Amounts	(Regative)
Local Taxes	\$188,481	\$179,365	\$149,151	(\$30,214)
Other Local Revenue	42,000	49,013	51,689	2,676
State Revenue	3,300,630	3,254,149	3,280,954	26,805
Federal Revenue	0	0	0	0
Total Revenues	3,531,111	3,482,527	3,481,794	(733)
Expenditures		3,102,327	3,101,771	(133)
Instructional Programs				
Elementary School	738,872	819,540	781,827	37,713
Secondary School	1,128,251	1,133,878	1,111,630	22,248
Special Education	277,497	277,497	277,385	112
Special Education Preschool	0	0	0	0
Interscholastic	0	0	0	0
School Activity	81,257	81,250	80,052	1,198
Summer School	01,257	01,230	0	0
Support Service Programs	· ·	· ·	V	v
Attendance - Guidance - Health	147,705	144,329	136,572	7,757
Instruction Improvement	0	0	0	0
Board of Education	16,950	26,190	26,508	(318)
District Administration	370,002	313,464	278,451	35,013
School Administration	154,016	226,988	221,297	5,691
Business Operation	80,820	91,599	77,782	13,817
Buildings - Care	287,077	270,348	249,568	20,780
Maintenance - Student Occupied	0	0	0	0
Pupil-To-School Transportation	147,908	161,793	153,895	7,898
Pupil-Activity Transportation	9,825	6,016	5,967	49
Non-Instructional Programs	>,020	0,010	2,507	.,
Child Nutrition	8,500	5,759	5,257	502
Capital Assets - Student Occupied	38,387	0	0	0
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied	0	0	0	0
Debt Service - Principal	0	0	0	0
Debt Service - Interest	0	0	0	0
Total Expenditures	3,487,067	3,558,651	3,406,191	152,460
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	2,107,007	2,220,021	2,.00,121	102,100
Over Expenditures	44,044	(76,124)	75,603	151,727
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	,	(, 0,121)	70,000	101,727
Transfers In	0	0	0	0
Transfers Out	0	(3,876)	(35,354)	(31,478)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	(3,876)	(35,354)	(31,478)
Net Change in Fund Balances	44,044	(80,000)	40,249	120,249
Fund Balances - Beginning	0	80,000	778,092	698,092
Fund Balances - Ending	\$44,044	\$0	\$818,341	\$818,341
J	*Total expenditures (-		\$120,982

Budgetary Comparison Schedule -General and Major Special Revenue Funds Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budgeted A	mounts		Final Budget Variance
	(GAAP B	Basis)	Actual	Positive
Child Nutrition Fund	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues				
Other Local Revenue	\$35,000	\$26,000	\$32,606	\$6,606
Federal Revenue	180,200	180,700	200,536	19,836
Total Revenues	215,200	206,700	233,142	26,442
Expenditures				
Non-Instructional Programs				
Child Nutrition	268,662	259,316	249,676	9,640
Total Expenditures	268,662	259,316	249,676	9,640 *
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(53,462)	(52,616)	(16,534)	36,082
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In	0	0	0	0
Transfers Out	0	0	0	0 *
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	(53,462)	(52,616)	(16,534)	36,082
Fund Balances - Beginning	33,164	52,616	52,616	0
Fund Balances - Ending	(\$20,298)	\$0	\$36,082	\$36,082
	*Total expenditures (over) under appropi	riations are:	\$9,640

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability PERSI - Base Plan Last 10 - Fiscal Years*

			2019	2018
School's portion of the net pension liability		-	0.0607834%	0.0624101%
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability			\$693,826	\$920,560
School's covered payroll			\$2,064,443	\$1,962,633
School's proportional share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll			33.61%	46.90%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability			93.79%	91.69%
	2015	2016	2015	2014
<u>-</u>	2017	2016	2015	2014
School's portion of the net pension liability	0.0631935%	0.0594870%	0.0569363%	0.0573290%
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$993,293	\$1,205,893	\$749,758	\$422,031
School's covered payroll	\$1,942,853	\$1,705,936	\$1,559,664	\$1,553,118
School's proportional share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	51.13%	70.69%	48.07%	27.17%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	90.68%	87.26%	91.38%	94.95%

^{*}GASB 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a 10-year trend is compiled, only those years for which information is available will be presented.

Data reported is measured as of June 30.

Schedule of Employer Contributions PERSI - Base Plan Last 10 - Fiscal Years*

			2020	2019
Statutorily required contribution		_	\$259,157	\$233,695
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution			\$259,157	\$233,695
Contribution deficiency (excess)		_	\$0	\$0
School's covered payroll		=	\$2,170,494	\$2,064,443
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll			11.94%	11.32%
	2018	2017	2016	2015
Statutorily required contribution	\$222,170	\$219,931	\$193,112	\$176,554
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	\$222,170	\$219,931	\$193,112	\$176,554
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
School's covered payroll	\$1,962,633	\$1,942,853	\$1,705,936	\$1,559,664
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	11.32%	11.32%	11.32%	11.32%

^{*}GASB 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a 10-year trend is compiled, only those years for which information is available will be presented.

Data reported is measured as of each year's fiscal year end.

Special	Revenue	Funds
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		•		
	Preschool Grant	Albertsons	Community Schools Grant	Driver Education
Assets				
Cash & Investments	\$37,793	\$43,390	\$10,000	\$4,938
Receivables:				
Local Sources				
State Sources				4,050
Federal Sources				
Due From Other Funds				
Total Assets	\$37,793	\$43,390	\$10,000	\$8,988
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable				
Due To Other Funds				
Salaries & Benefits Payable				
Unspent Grant Allocation				
Total Liabilities	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable Tax Revenues				
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	0	0	0	0
Fund Balances				
Restricted:				
Special Programs	37,793	43,390	10,000	8,988
Debt Service				
Capital Projects				
Unassigned				
Total Fund Balances	37,793	43,390	10,000	8,988
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows				
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$37,793	\$43,390	\$10,000	\$8,988

	Special Revenue Funds				
	Mastery Based System Development	Professional Technical	Technology	Substance Abuse	
Assets					
Cash & Investments		\$4,627	\$39,807	\$11,041	
Receivables:					
Local Sources State Sources					
State Sources Federal Sources					
Due From Other Funds					
Total Assets	\$0	\$4,627	\$39,807	\$11,041	
		+ 1,0=1	400,000	4,	
Liabilities					
Accounts Payable					
Due To Other Funds					
Salaries & Benefits Payable		\$4,627			
Unspent Grant Allocation					
Total Liabilities	\$0	4,627	\$0	\$0	
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Unavailable Tax Revenues					
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	0	0	0	0	
Fund Balances					
Restricted:					
Special Programs			39,807	11,041	
Debt Service					
Capital Projects					
Unassigned					
Total Fund Balances	0	0	39,807	11,041	
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows					
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$0	\$4,627	\$39,807	\$11,041	

	Special Revenue Funds				
	Title I-A ESSA IBP	Title IV-A ESSA SS&AE	Title V-B ESSA REI	Title II-A ESSA SEI	
Assets					
Cash & Investments					
Receivables:					
Local Sources					
State Sources					
Federal Sources	\$2,263	\$15,816	\$32,652	\$361	
Due From Other Funds					
Total Assets	\$2,263	\$15,816	\$32,652	\$361	
Liabilities					
Accounts Payable					
Due To Other Funds		\$15,816	\$3,293	\$17	
Salaries & Benefits Payable		\$13,810	\$3,293	Φ1 /	
Unspent Grant Allocation	\$2,263		29,359	344	
Total Liabilities	2,263	15,816	32,652	361	
		-	_		
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable Tax Revenues					
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	0	0	0	0	
Fund Balances					
Restricted:					
Special Programs					
Debt Service					
Capital Projects					
Unassigned					
Total Fund Balances	0	0	0	0	
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows					
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$2,263	\$15,816	\$32,652	\$361	

	Special F	Revenue	Capital Projects	
	G V	Title IV-B ESSA	Bus	m
A	Gear Up	21st CCLC	Depreciation	Total
Assets Cash & Investments			\$26,758	\$178,354
Receivables:			\$20,738	\$176,554
Local Sources				0
State Sources				4,050
Federal Sources	\$10,854	\$79,138		141,084
Due From Other Funds	Ψ10,051	Ψ77,130		0
Total Assets	\$10,854	\$79,138	\$26,758	\$323,488
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable				\$0
Due To Other Funds	\$2,325	\$8,240		29,691
Salaries & Benefits Payable		9,159		13,786
Unspent Grant Allocation	8,529	61,739		102,234
Total Liabilities	10,854	79,138	\$0	145,711
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable Tax Revenues				0
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	0	0	0	0
Fund Balances				
Restricted:				
Special Programs				151,019
Debt Service				0
Capital Projects			26,758	26,758
Unassigned				0
Total Fund Balances	0	0	26,758	177,777
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	#10.0 <i>7.4</i>	Φ 7 0.120	#26.75C	#2 22 400
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$10,854	\$79,138	\$26,758	\$323,488

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Special Revenue Funds			
	Preschool Grant	Albertsons	Community Schools Grant	Driver Education
Revenues				
Local Taxes				
Other Local Revenue	\$36,400		\$10,000	\$5,075
State Revenue				4,050
Federal Revenue				
Total Revenues	36,400	\$0	10,000	9,125
Expenditures				
Instructional Programs				
Elementary School				
Secondary School				5,957
Special Education				
Special Education Preschool	2,142			
Interscholastic				
School Activity				
Summer School				
Support Service Programs				
Attendance - Guidance - Health				
Instruction Improvement				
Board of Education				
District Administration				
School Administration				
Business Operation				
Buildings - Care				
Maintenance - Student Occupied				
Pupil-To-School Transportation				
Pupil-Activity Transportation				
Non-Instructional Programs				
Child Nutrition				
Capital Assets - Student Occupied				
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied				
Debt Service - Principal				
Debt Service - Interest				
Total Expenditures	2,142	0	0	5,957
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	34,258	0	10,000	3,168
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In				
Transfers Out				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	34,258	0	10,000	3,168
Fund Balances - Beginning	3,535	43,390		5,820
Fund Balances - Ending	\$37,793	\$43,390	\$10,000	\$8,988
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Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Special Revenue Funds			
	Mastery Based System Development	Professional Technical	Technology	Substance Abuse
Revenues				
Local Taxes				
Other Local Revenue				
State Revenue	\$25,940	\$21,000	\$76,926	\$7,248
Federal Revenue				
Total Revenues	25,940	21,000	76,926	7,248
Expenditures				
Instructional Programs				
Elementary School				
Secondary School		32,924		
Special Education				
Special Education Preschool				
Interscholastic				4,923
School Activity				
Summer School				
Support Service Programs				
Attendance - Guidance - Health				
Instruction Improvement	29,107		85,029	
Board of Education				
District Administration				
School Administration				
Business Operation				
Buildings - Care				
Maintenance - Student Occupied				
Pupil-To-School Transportation				
Pupil-Activity Transportation				
Non-Instructional Programs				
Child Nutrition				
Capital Assets - Student Occupied				
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied				
Debt Service - Principal				
Debt Service - Interest				
Total Expenditures	29,107	32,924	85,029	4,923
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(3,167)	(11,924)	(8,103)	2,325
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In	3,167	11,924		
Transfers Out				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	3,167	11,924	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	0	0	(8,103)	2,325
Fund Balances - Beginning	0	0	47,910	8,716
Fund Balances - Ending	\$0	\$0	\$39,807	\$11,041
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Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Special Revenue Funds			
	Title I-A ESSA IBP	Title IV-A ESSA SS&AE	Title V-B ESSA REI	Title II-A ESSA SEI
Revenues				·
Local Taxes				
Other Local Revenue				
State Revenue				
Federal Revenue	\$108,941	\$10,950	\$18,804	\$10,603
Total Revenues	108,941	10,950	18,804	10,603
Expenditures				
Instructional Programs				
Elementary School	108,535	10,950	18,804	10,603
Secondary School	406			
Special Education				
Special Education Preschool				
Interscholastic				
School Activity				
Summer School				
Support Service Programs				
Attendance - Guidance - Health				
Instruction Improvement				
Board of Education				
District Administration				
School Administration				
Business Operation				
Buildings - Care				
Maintenance - Student Occupied				
Pupil-To-School Transportation				
Pupil-Activity Transportation				
Non-Instructional Programs				
Child Nutrition				
Capital Assets - Student Occupied				
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied				
Debt Service - Principal				
Debt Service - Interest				
Total Expenditures	108,941	10,950	18,804	10,603
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			· ·	<u> </u>
Over Expenditures	0	0	0	0
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In				
Transfers Out				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	0	0	0	0
Fund Balances - Beginning	0	0	0	0
Fund Balances - Ending	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
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Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Special Revenue Funds		Capital Projects	
	•	Title IV-B		
		ESSA	Bus	
	Gear Up	21st CCLC	Depreciation	Total
Revenues				
Local Taxes				\$0
Other Local Revenue			\$1,500	52,975
State Revenue				135,164
Federal Revenue	\$19,440	\$107,395		276,133
Total Revenues	19,440	107,395	1,500	464,272
Expenditures				
Instructional Programs				
Elementary School		107,395		256,287
Secondary School	19,440			58,727
Special Education				0
Special Education Preschool				2,142
Interscholastic				4,923
School Activity				0
Summer School				0
Support Service Programs				
Attendance - Guidance - Health				0
Instruction Improvement				114,136
Board of Education				0
District Administration				0
School Administration				0
Business Operation				0
Buildings - Care				0
Maintenance - Student Occupied				0
Pupil-To-School Transportation				0
Pupil-Activity Transportation				0
Non-Instructional Programs				•
Child Nutrition				0
Capital Assets - Student Occupied			15,089	15,089
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied			15,009	0
Debt Service - Principal				0
Debt Service - Interest				0
Total Expenditures	19,440	107,395	15,089	451,304
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	17,440	107,373	15,007	731,307
Over Expenditures	0	0	(13,589)	12,968
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	U	U	(13,367)	12,700
Transfers In			20,263	35,354
Transfers Out			20,203	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	0	20,263	35,354
Net Change in Fund Balances			6,674	48,322
Fund Balances - Beginning	0	0	20,084	129,455
Fund Balances - Beginning Fund Balances - Ending	\$0	\$0	\$26,758	\$177,777
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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Board of Trustees Notus School District No. 135

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Notus School District No. 135 (the School), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 6, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The

results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control or compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Quest CPAs PLLC

Payette, Idaho October 6, 2020